DECCAN COLLEGE POST-GRADUATE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE DEEMED UNIVERSITY

Pune - 411 006

M.A. in Linguistics Semester – IV

LNG – 402: Contact Linguistics (Backlog paper) Term End Examination, November 2018

Maximum marks 60

Time: Two and half Hours

Note: ALL Sections are compulsory.

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		<u> </u>	SECTION A			
Answ	er any three essay ty	pe questions fron	n the following:	Marks 30		
	1. Discuss language change in the context of internal change vs. contact-induced change.					
	2. What is 'contact linguistics'? Discuss its relation with historical linguistics and sociolinguistics.					
	3. Compare bilingual mixed languages with shift-induced varieties.					
	4. Discuss creation of creoles with examples.					
	5. Discuss the linguistic and extra-linguistic factors involved in outcomes of language contact with examples					
SECTION B						
	Answer any three short notes from the following: Marks 15					
	1. Characteristics of pidgins					
	2. Language Attrition					
	3. Relation between bilingualism and convergence					
	4. Micro linguistic areas					
	5. Borrowability hierarchy					
SECTION C						
Answ	er following objectiv	<u>ve type questions (</u>	all are compulsory):	Marks 15		
1.	The linguistic result contact.	s- lexical and sligh	t borrowing correspond to	degree of		
	a) Moderate	b) casual	c) very intense	d) intense		

2.	'Composite code-switching could lead to a bilingual mixed language'. True or False					
3.	is the primary mechanism in imposition. a) Imitation b) adaptation c) adoption d) copying					
4.	van Coetsm's model imposition takes place under RL agntivity. True of False?					
5.	Moderate structural borrowing is a licontact. a) moderate c) intense	inguistic result corresponds to c) casual	degree of d) very intense			
6.	In Van Coetsem's model 'borrowing True or False?	g' takes place under the source	language agentivity.			
7.	American Portuguese word <i>frio</i> meaning cold-infection has been modeled on English usage of cold like I've got cold. This would be an example of a) direct borrowing b) loan blends c) loan shift d) semantic shift					
8.	A German-speaking student while learning English as a second language used <i>guilty</i> to mean 'valid' which could be attributed to the German word <i>gültig</i> meaning 'valid'. This phenomenon is known as interference or a) imposition b) transfer c) borrowing d) adaptation					
9.	Metatypy is a kind of convergence. True and False?					
10.	'First in, last out' is associated with a) regression hypothesis b) progression hypothesis c) convergence					
	Match the pairs (5 marks) Column A a) Heine & Kutva b) Weinreich c) Thomason & Kaufman d) Yaron Matras e) Peter Trudgill	Column B i) Sociolinguistic typology of ii) functional model of langu iii) contact-induced grammat iv) language contact in the collinguistics v) emphasis on individual bit multilingualism	age contact icalization ontext of historical			

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M.A. in Linguistics Semester – IV

LNG – 407: Psycholinguistics(Backlog Paper) Term End Examination, November 2018

Time: Two and a half Hours Maximum marks 60

Note: ALL Sections are compulsory.

SECTION A

Answer any three essay type questions from the following:

30 Marks

- 1. What do experimental studies of teaching language to primates other than human tell about language and linguistic abilities of humans? How would have these linguistic abilities and language developed in humans?
- 2. What are the factors involved in perception of speech? Discuss any one model of speech perception.
- 3. What aspects of human language are studies under Psycholinguistics? How are these studies carried out?
- 4. Compare simultaneous bilingualism with successive bilingualism.
- 5. Discuss direct access and indirect access models of lexical access.

SECTION B

Answer any three short notes from the following:

Marks 15

- 1. Cognitive-dominant and language-dominant views
- 2. Links between language perception and language production
- 3. Critical Period Hypothesis
- 4. Learning strategies, learning styles and their role in language learning

5. Use of surface-structure cues in sentence processing

SECTION C

Attempt ALL of the following questions:

Marks-15

1. True or False? – T studies of child langu		oulary spurt is one of the	ne common language measures in
2. 'I'm not a cabinate	position' instead of	'I'm not a candidate f	or cabinate position' is a case of
	b) perseveration	c) anticipation	d) substitution
3 model bro	ought in context of u	tterance to account for	access to semantic memory.
a) Cohort	b) Logogen	c) Direct access	d) Indirect access
4. True or False? – T	he distracter follows	the target in the interfe	erence paradigm.
5. 'It's an extremely	issue' instead of 'It's	an extremely importa	nt issue' is a case of
6. True or False? – I perception.	Diachotic listening su	ggests a right-hemisph	nere specialization for phonetic
7. Conceptual notion	s that speakers/writer	rs want to convey are l	known as
a) Mental model	b) ideas c) th	oughts	
8. 'I collected my har	nd buggage' instead o	of I collected my hand	luggage/baggage is a case of
a) substitution	b) blending	c) anticipation	d) addition
9. PDP in psycholing	uistics is known as _		
10. True or False? – A comprehension.	According to a hypot	hesis clause is the basi	ic unit of analysis of sentence
11. Broca's aphasia i	s also known as		
a) expressive aphasia	b) receptive	aphasia c) g	lobal aphasia
12. True or false? – f	ormant frequencies ri	ise when frowning.	

13. The subject of an embedded sentence is the noun closest to it is known as					
a) Minimal Distance principle	e b) Minimal attachme	ent principle			
c) cooperative principle					
14. Name a model for semantic memory:					
15. Replacing each input word with its part of speech and replacing combinations of parts of speech (DET N) with a constituent name (NP) would be processing.					
a) top-down processing	b) bottom-up processing	c) good enough processing			
d) hybrid processing					
